

**Supervisor of Alta. Schools
Named; A. E. Meyer Will be
In Charge of New Department**

A. E. Meyer, I.L.B., has been appointed superintendent of the three schools of agriculture in the Alberta department of agriculture. The purpose of this appointment is to have

the means of keeping the lines of the different examinations uniform as far as possible, the three schools. Besides this, Mr. Meyer will accept the responsibility of the general management of the school, and the education under the direction of the department.

Mr. Meyer is recognized as one of the best men and enterprising live stock men in Canada and it is almost a certainty that the school which has been the intention of the Hon. Duncan Marshall, minister of agriculture, will be carried out.

dominant features of these schools, the new superintendents' knowledge and ability along this line will be of very great importance.

Mr. Meyer was born on a farm near the city of Suez, in Ontario. His father was a prominent short-horn breeder in the days when the Bates short-horns held sway, and was the purchaser and breeder of many high class cattle. After receiving a high

[illegible]

While in Alberta he taught school in the Little Red Deer Valley, and in 1898 he was transferred to Regina, having been offered the principalship of one or two good schools in what was then the North-West Territories, but the serious illness which he had called him back to Ontario early in 1898. For the following year he decided that he would establish a herd of Scotch shorthorns on his own account, and he has since that time been engaged in stock raising and stock raising culture since their establishment, and in fact it is only because of his interest in this work among the boys and girls in Alberta that he has consented to accept the school principalship and employment. For the work he is now undertaking, he has the special qualifications of an excellent education, training and experience in teaching, a keen knowledge of and interest in stock raising, and the necessary financial qualifications.

himself, and purchased a small cow, which he intended to breed. He was then ordered to leave his operation and to go to the military reservation in Ontario, away back in 1912, where the cattle were being fed.

distributing a sample of bread made herefrom along with the flour. The bread is a little heavier and darker than the ordinary loaf. Many people are buying small quantities to try out; and as most housewives have a supply of the better grades on hand, they

probably have been paid for pastry ingredients, and the baker for the extra work of making bread. The price of the new standard flour is now \$1.70 per sack, while the patents are generally about \$5.95 to \$6.00.

Of extra constables were sworn today morning, several of them riding on bicycles. The constables are used to aid the regular force in fire patrols and search for those ringing false alarms. They also receive instructions have been issued to all constables, sergeants and inspectors, that in case they came upon a fire they are to constitute themselves into a fire-fighting force and man the fire department equipment if necessary.

**German Doye, a New Man, Says
He Was Knocked Down—
D. Wray Arrested**

Those Published in The Bulletin Recently

The official count of the votes in the East Edmontone election is in progress today at the office of the returning officer, George Knight, 612 McLeod street. The figures show that the forenoon showed figures similar to those recently published in The Bulletin. The vote for the United Labor Union; candidate, is fixed unofficially at \$40.

Wray declared that he was not, according to Doye, then struck him several blows, knocking him down and also kicked him on the head. When he got up Wray had no. The complainant, who is a boyish

ing chap, appeared at the central police station with a swollen face and his clothing covered with dirt and blood. Police Magistrate Primrose came down to the station and the boys swore out an information, on which Wray was placed under arrest shortly afterward.

U.S. OFFICERS CONFIDENT
An Atlantic Port, Feb. 3.—Major

Herbert Craig and Gordon Wilcox of Nainoa, are attending the tractor school of the International Harvest-

Rev. R. Little and Mrs. Little, of the Anglican mission, came out on Sunday's train from the north, for holiday and visit among friends.

They expressed optimism regarding the general situation abroad and said their mission had been an enlightening one but declined further to discuss their visit abroad.

Lt. Rostace Percy, attache at the British embassy at Washington, was passenger on the same vessel. He has been in England on a leave of absence.

W. D. Kennedy, secretary-treasurer of the Fairview rural municipality, is spending a few days in the city.

MINERS WANTED

TWIN CITY COAL CO., LTD.
EDMONTON SOUTH, ALTA.
PHONE NO. 3221.
STEADY WORK

HUNS' PLAN OF CONQUEST AND SPOILATION TO BE MET WITH UNITED FRONT

Conference of Allies Supreme War Council Prepares for Closer and
More Rigid Prosecution of War—Realized That Aggressive
Militarism Was Never More Unrepentant Than at

the Present Time

London, Feb. 4.—The text of the official statement on the Versailles conference follows:

"Meetings of the third session of the supreme war council held at Ver-

months of winter. It reaffirms the termination of the allies in unmistakable terms with a welcome note of fidelity."

The Morning Post

The discussions taken by the supreme war council in pursuance of this conference, embraces not only a

general military policy to be carried out by the allies in every principal theatre of the war, but more particularly a closer and more effective co-ordination, under the council of all the powers engaged in the struggle against the central empires.

The functions of the council itself

They were enlarged, agreed the principles of unity of action, agreed on at Revello to November last, received still further concrete and practical development. On all these questions a complete agreement was arrived at with the fullest discussion both to the policy to be pursued and to the measures for the execution.

Under the circumstances the supreme war council decided that the only immediate task before them lay

the prosecution of the war with the effective co-operation of the military forces of the allied nations. It was the pressure of this effort which has brought about an energy government which has the power to do whatever which justify the hope of the common people that the war will not involve the abandonment, in the face of an aggressive and unrepentant enemy, of the principles of democracy, freedom, justice and respect for the rights of man. The allied nations are resolved to vindicate.

The supreme war council has decided that the German people are to be held responsible for the treatment of the British military forces.

FIFTY STREET CARS

ter utterances of the German chancellor, Adolf Hitler, in the Hungarian capital of Budapest, in connection with the foreign affairs, but was unable to find in them any real approximation to the moderate conditions laid down by all the allied governments. This conviction was only deepened by the impression made by the contrast between the German idealistic aims with which the central powers entered upon the present negotiations at Brest-Litovsk and the now openly disclosed plans of conquest and spoliation."

[illegible]

The splendid soldiers of our free democracies have won their place in history by their immeasurable valor and their magnificent heroism and the no less noble endurance with which our civilian populations are bearing their daily burden of trial and suffering as follows:

Killed or died of wounds: Officers, 51; men, 1,325.	
Wounded or missing: Officers, 173; men, 4,085.	
The low mark for many months past	

ing testimony to the strength of those principles of freedom which will crown the military success of the allies with the glory of a great moral triumph."

Convened Tuesday

The supreme war council was convened last Tuesday at Versailles.

France, under the chairmanship of Georges Clemenceau, French premier, and ended Saturday. The United States was represented in the council by Geo. Tasker H. Bliss, of the American army. For Great Britain the representatives were Lloyd George and

Major-General Sir Henry Hughes Wilson, sub-chief of the British general staff; for Italy, Premier Orlando, Foreign Minister Sonnino and General Cadorna, and for France, Foreign Minister Pichon, General Foch, chief of staff of the minister of war, are being treated. The wound is still painful, but General Wood expects to leave the hospital this week.

GERMAN CONFERENCE

General Maximo Weygand.

The Press Comment.

London, Feb. 4.—The only discordant notes heard in the editorial judgment of the morning newspapers on the results of the meeting at Versailles were those of the *Standard* and the *Times*.

Amsterdam, Feb. 4.—Dr. von Kuehlmann, German foreign minister, Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, and General von Ludendorff, the German chief quar-

✧ German and Austrian officials, including
 ✧ the German minister of defense, Hans
 ✧ Dietrich, and the Austrian minister of
 ✧ defense, Franz Olah, will arrive in
 ✧ Berlin Monday to participate in
 ✧ deliberations in political and
 ✧ economic questions affecting
 ✧ the common interest and ter-
 ✧ ritorial integrity of Germany and Aus-

for comment. Information regarding the nature and enlargement of the development is touched on by the Daily News and it hopes that Premier Lloyd George, when he speaks in the House of Commons on Tuesday, will let the country know if this means the over-

The Daily News continues: "But the most disappointing feature is the entire absence of any constructive note. The declaration of Count von Hertling and Count Czernin are dismissed as

holding out no hope of accommodation, no distinction being drawn between the obvious discrepancy in the attitude of the German and Austrian ministers.

Kill or Educate?

"The council commits itself to the

judgment that the necessary change in the temper of the German people can be effected by the pressure of military effort. This is completely at variance with the expressed views of President Wilson and still more completely at variance with the views of democracy

In Great Britain. The council may be clear there is no hope but the sword; it is for the people to find a better way."

The Daily Chronicle appears to be afraid that the council is assuming executive functions and it expects one

PALE FACES
Generally indicate a lack of iron in the blood

...The Times calls the Verdaglio state-

ment eminently satisfactory, and says: "It tends to dispel the fog of peace which has been gathering and has been artificially thickened in many allied capitals during the dreary

**DANGEROUS TO PICK
AT A SORE CORN**

The razor or jack-knife way of paring and gouging out corns is but a

just get about four ounces of plain common liquid arvon from any drug store (this is all you will need), apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it gently with the finger tips.

By morning, most if not all, of your

temporary relief, and very often causes blood poisoning. To quickly relieve the pain and surely lift out the corn, apply Putnam's Painless Corn and Wart Extractor, the only sure remedy for sore foot bumps, warts, callouses, bunions and corns.

His name tells the story—Putnam's
Painless Corn and Wart Extractor.
25c per bottle.

McLaughlin E-45-6-Cylinder "Special-Special"—Now on exhibition at the McLaughlin Show Rooms, 104th Street, Edmonton. This costly touring car will be given to the candidate securing the greatest number of votes irrespective of districts. The winner of this grand prize will be given \$300 in cash to be donated to some patriotic organization in his or her district.

Address all communications to the Prize Contest Department of The Edmonton Bulletin
9975 Jasper Avenue, Edmonton :- Local and Long Distance Phone 2262

